NOTES

Notes should be incorporated into documents using your software’s footnote/endnote function (see separate guidelines for Author-Date Citations). (In the printed book they will usually appear in a Notes section following the text; in edited collections the notes appear at the ends of chapters.) Notes should be numbered from 1 within each chapter, not consecutively throughout the ms. Notes for tables and illustrations should not be included in the numbering sequence for the notes to the text; they should appear below the relevant table or illustration (see separate guidelines for Illustrations).

Your goal should be to provide sufficient documentation to support your arguments while avoiding excessive annotation. Lengthy discursive notes should be avoided—if the material is essential, it probably belongs in the text. Except in highly unusual cases, there should be no more than one note number per sentence. Similarly, all the references for one paragraph can often be combined into a single note. Remember that the maximum allowable manuscript length specified in your contract (Section 8) includes the notes.

Chapter titles and subheads within chapters should not carry note numbers. If you need to include an acknowledgment of or information about previous publication of a chapter, this information should be included in a separate acknowledgments or credit section for the book as a whole; if required by the copyright holder, it may appear as an unnumbered note at the foot of the chapter opening page; or it may appear as an unnumbered note at the beginning of the notes section for that chapter.

Epigraphs should not carry note numbers; the source should be cited briefly beneath the epigraph:

*Both read the same Bible and pray to the same God, and each invokes His aid against the other.*

Abraham Lincoln, Second Inaugural Address

Notes should not contain tables, figures, or other illustrative material.

STYLE

Include full reference data the first time you cite a source within a chapter, even if you have already cited the source in an earlier chapter; after the first reference within a chapter use author’s last name and short title only, not “op. cit.” or “loc. cit.”

Use “ibid.” (which is not italicized) if it refers to the only work cited in the preceding note. If you refer to one work repeatedly in a passage, it’s better to avoid a long string of “ibids.” by including
The importance of preserving the separation of powers was central to Justice Scalia’s solitary dissent in *Morrison v. Olson*.

Rehnquist granted that “there is no dispute that the functions performed by the independent counsel are ‘executive’ in nature, but he disagreed that the act “unduly trammels on executive authority” (p. 21). Although he acknowledged that “the Act reduces the amount of control that the President exercises over the investigation and prosecution of a certain class of alleged criminal activity” (p. 23) he denied that “this limitation as it stands sufficiently deprives the President of control over the independent counsel to interfere impermissibly with his constitutional obligation to ensure the faithful execution of the laws” (p. 25).

Use full page ranges: 155–159, not 155–59. Avoid vague page references (123ff., 123 et seq.) and “passim”; instead cite by chapter if necessary.

Do not capitalize abbreviations such as *vol., no., pt.*, and the like; in the case of foreign publications, use English words for these terms.

Use arabic numerals for volume numbers.

Within a citation, for large cities no state name is needed with place of publication; add state name for smaller cities, except when the name of the state appears in the publisher’s name. Thus: Boston: Houghton Mifflin; Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press; Lawrence: University Press of Kansas. Either postal (NY) or conventional (N.Y.) abbreviations for state names may be used, but be consistent. (See *Chicago Manual of Style*, 16th ed., 10.28, for a list of both forms of state abbreviations.)

URLs for websites should be in roman type. Do not enclose URLs in angle brackets. Do include an access date.

If the same sources, particularly archival sources, are cited frequently, abbreviate them and include a list of abbreviations as a separate file.

| John Bates Papers | John C. Bates Papers, United States Army Military History |
| Samuel Bates Papers College | Samuel Bates Papers, Lawrence Lee Pelletier Library, Allegheny |
| Hubbard Letters History | Letters of Robert Hubbard, M.D., United States Army Military Institute |
| *JAMA* | *Journal of the American Medical Association* |
| LBJL | Lyndon B. Johnson Library |
NARG National Archives, Record Group
NPMP Nixon Presidential Materials Project
OR The War of the Rebellion: A Compilation of the Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies
USAMHI United States Army Military History Institute
SAMPLE NOTES

Book

One volume of a multivolume work

Edited book

Chapter in an edited book

Journal Article

Newspaper or magazine articles

Theses and Dissertations

Website

For further information and examples of citations to other types of material, see *The Chicago Manual of Style*, 16th ed.